If You are Currently Undocumented:

June 20, 2023

If you are currently undocumented this fact sheet will help you understand your eligibility for health coverage in Illinois. The Affordable Care Act (ACA) Marketplace and Medicaid both cover services such as doctor visits, hospital care and medications. To be eligible for the Marketplace or Medicaid, you must be a resident of Illinois. If you are on an active non-immigrant visa you may not qualify.

Importantly, some individuals who are currently undocumented may also have a pathway to lawful status. For instance, some individuals who are currently undocumented may also be *preparing to file an application, or who have filed an application for asylum, T visa or U Visa status*; these individuals should refer to the Public Benefits Fact Sheets for Individuals who have been granted <u>Asylum, T Visa or U Visa</u> status.

<u>HealthCare.gov</u> is the Marketplace in Illinois where you can get coverage with lower monthly premiums or savings on out-of-pocket costs (e.g., co-pay, deductible) based on your income.

Medicaid and Medicaid-like programs are state health coverage for low income populations depending on age, immigration status, household size, and income:

- ACA Adult Medicaid: 19-64 years old with income up 138% FPL.
- Aid to the Aged, Blind, and Disabled (AABD) Medicaid: 65 or older or disabled with income up to 100%
- Moms & Babies: Pregnant and up to 12 months postpartum with income up to 213% FPL.
- Health Benefit for Immigrant Seniors (HBIS) Medicaid-like program: 65 or older with income up to 100% FPL.
- Health Benefit for Immigrant Adult (HBIA) Medicaid-like program: Must be ages 42-64 years old with income up 138% FPL.
- VTTC Medical Medicaid-like program: 19 years of age and older with income up to 100% of FPL.
- All Kids Medicaid program: up to age 19, with household income up 318% FPL.

What About Public Charge?

When certain individuals (most likely applying through the family immigration pathway) apply for LPR (commonly known as green card) status, immigration officials assess several factors to determine whether the applicant is likely to become primarily dependent on the government for their subsistence -- and if so, the applicant could be denied the green card on public charge grounds. Enrollment in health coverage (such as Medicaid and Marketplace coverage) is NOT counted in the public charge test; the only counted health benefit in the public charge test is use of long term care in an institution paid for by Medicaid. For a longer list of "safe" benefits see this link. Green card holders when renewing their green card or when applying for citizenship are not subject to the public charge test. For a longer list of immigration statuses that are exempt from the public charge test see this link.

How to Apply:

- Medicaid: Use ABE Application for Benefits Eligibility to apply for Medicaid and other benefits in Illinois: https://abe.illinois.gov/abe/access/. Medicaid can be backdated up to three months from the day you apply, if you were eligible and had medical expenses during those three months.
- Marketplace Coverage: Use <u>HealthCare.gov</u> to apply for Marketplace coverage during Open Enrollment
 (Nov. 1 Jan. 15) or if you qualify for a <u>Special Enrollment Period</u> during other parts of the year. <u>A Navigator or Assister</u> can help you enroll in Marketplace or Medicaid for free.



If You Are Currently Undocumented: Eligibility for Marketplace and Medicaid Health Coverage

If you are currently undocumented, this fact sheet will help you understand your eligibility for health coverage in Illinois. If you are currently undocumented, you are eligible for Medicaid-like programs in Illinois (see below).

Currently Undocumented:

	ACA Adult	AABD	All Kids	НВІА	HBIS		Moms & Babies	ACA Marketplace
Eligible?	No	No	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	Yes	No

^{*}If you are currently undocumented, you (and your derivative family members) may also be eligible for the Victims of Trafficking, Torture and Other Crimes (VVTC) cash/ food/ medical assistance program <u>if</u> you are preparing to file an application, (or have filed an application) for a U visa, T visa, or asylum. For more information on VTTC, please see this <u>VTTC Fact sheet</u>.

Eligibility for Additional Benefits & Programs

Individuals who are undocumented are also eligible for hospital financial assistance programs, charity care, medical care at Federally Qualified Health Centers (FQHCs), free and charitable clinics, and community health centers.

Individuals who seek medical care in an emergency room for an qualifying emergency medical condition may also be eligible for Emergency Medicaid. Emergency Medicaid is a way for the hospital to be reimbursed by the government for the cost of the individual's medical services, including any hospital stay; the patient who qualifies for Emergency Medicaid should not be charged a bill for those medical services. Kidney dialysis is also covered by Emergency Medicaid.

Individuals who are undocumented are also eligible for <u>WIC</u> and for the benefits and programs provided in <u>this fact</u> <u>sheet</u>.

Need More Information?

- Public Charge questions? email pifillinois@povertylaw.org or visit the Protecting Immigrant Families
 Illinois website or visit Keepyourbenefits.us website to determine if you would be subject to the public charge test.
- Statewide <u>Community Service Agencies Serving Immigrants</u> and <u>IDHS Welcoming Centers</u> and ICIRRadministered <u>Family and Community Resource Centers</u> (FCRCs)

Have a question or want to report a concern about this fact sheet?: pifillinois@povertylaw.org

